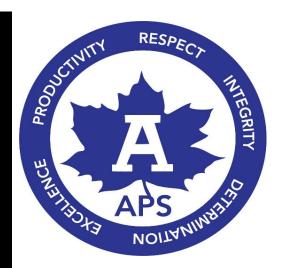
Adrian Public Schools



Year Ended June 30, 2022 Financial
Statements and
Single Audit Act
Compliance



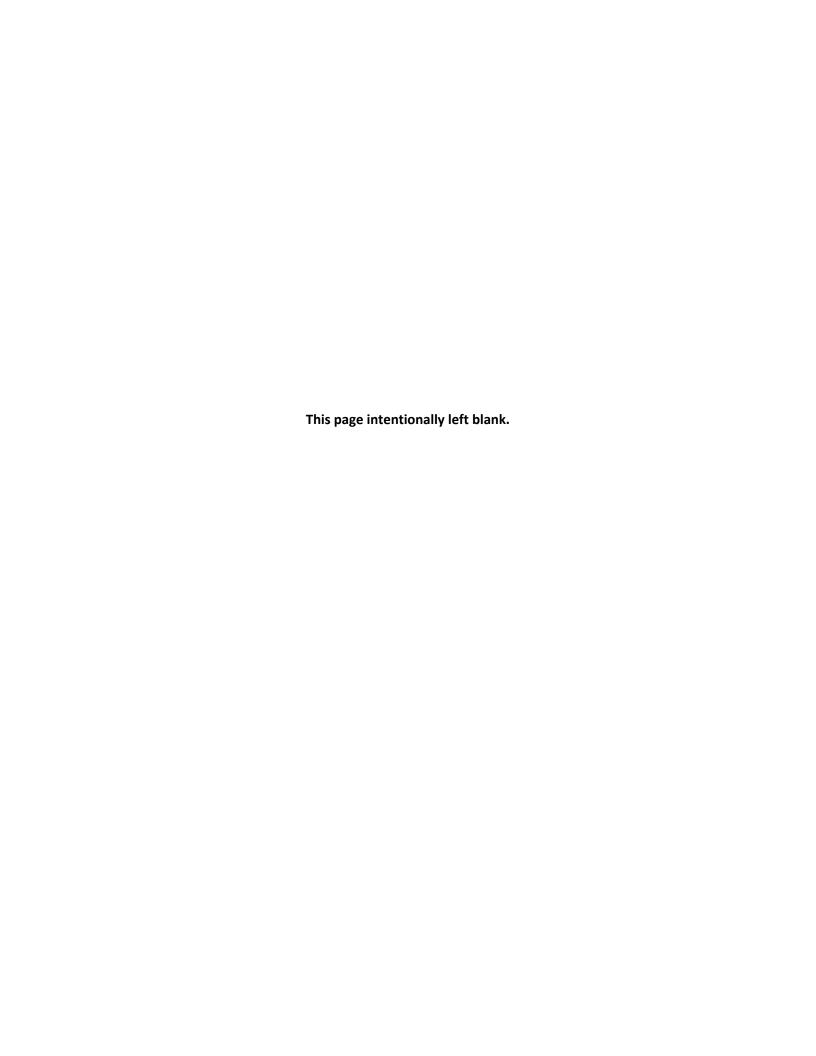


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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

October 13, 2022

Board of Education Adrian Public Schools Adrian, Michigan

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Adrian Public Schools (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison of the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- · identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules for the pension and other postemployment benefit plan, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 13, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Adrian Public Schools (the "District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Financial Highlights

•	Total net position	\$ (50,465,417)
•	Change in total net position	7,507,758
•	Fund balances, governmental funds	13,216,474
	Change in fund balances, governmental funds	599,363
•	Unassigned fund balance, general fund	7,291,882
	Change in fund balance, general fund	544,648
	General obligation bonds outstanding	50,565,000
	Change in general obligation bonds	(2,150,000)
•	Capital assets, net	50,777,716

Overview of the Financial Statements

This Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the residual reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused compensated leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, supporting services, food service, athletics, community services, facilities acquisition, construction, and improvements, and student service activity.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Proprietary Funds. The District maintains two types of proprietary funds. The District uses the catering fund to track activity that is business like in nature. Catering by the food service employees is done with the intention of earning a profit at the end of the year. The District uses an unemployment internal service fund to hold and disburse unemployment expenses. The fund captures a percentage on all salaries in all funds to assist in making the potential unemployment liability as minimal as possible.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the fund financial statement section of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This is limited to this management's discussion and analysis and the schedules for the MPSERS pension and other postemployment benefit plans immediately following the notes to the financial statements. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Fund Accounting Format

Districts use fund accounting instead of the traditional accounting method used by most private businesses. The reason schools and other governmental organizations use the fund accounting method is that they receive their money from taxes, governmental agencies, grants, sale of bonds, contributions and donations, all of which require that the money be used for the specific purpose for which it is being provided. Each fund becomes a different entity. For example, the operations fund of the District receives the majority of money from the State; the rest comes from local taxes, the federal government, transfers from other governmental units and some donations. All of this money must be used for the operation of the District only. The capital projects fund must use money raised through the sale of bonds for building facilities and development of property only. The debt fund must use money which comes from taxes to pay for bonds that were sold to build/remodel facilities and develop property. Another common fund in a District is the food service fund.

The above is somewhat simplified to make a point because there are local, state and federal laws statutes, and regulations that come with the establishment of each fund.

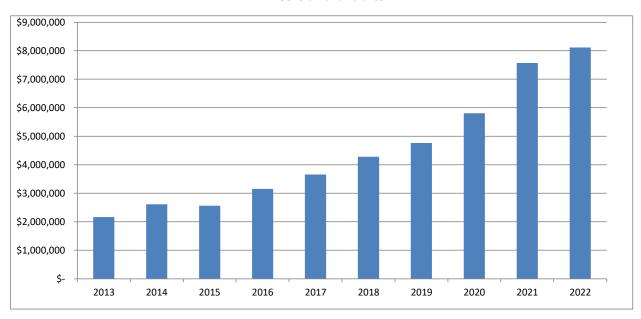
Fund Balance for the General Fund

The worth or the measurement of a District's financial health is based on the District's fund balance. The District implemented numerous cost saving measures in recent years showing a fund balance in the general fund of \$7,570,052 in 2021. In 2022, the fund balance increased to \$8,114,700.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following chart provides a ten year comparison of the District's General Fund balance.

General Fund Balance



Government-wide Statements

The District is required to report its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability and net other postemployment benefits liability on the statement of net position. This results in a negative total net position of governmental activities of \$50,517,922. Of this amount, \$(48,002,943) is unrestricted net position (deficit) and \$1,561,660 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The operating results of the general fund will have a significant impact on the change in unrestricted net position from year to year.

The Statement of Activities presented in these financial Statements provides greater detail on the District's annual activity. The District also reports an internal service fund to account for unemployment, which is a governmental activity. This fund is shown separately in the Financial Statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The differences between governmental activities as reported in the Statement of Net Position and the governmental funds is reconciled on a separate page following the fund level balance sheet. Another reconciliation following the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances explains the difference between Net Change in Fund Balances represented in the total column of governmental funds of \$599,363 and the Change in Net Position of \$7,505,994.

	Net Position									
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To	tal				
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021				
Assets										
Current and other assets	\$ 17,193,797	\$ 16,241,319	\$ 52,505	\$ 52,255	\$ 17,246,302	\$ 16,293,574				
Capital assets, net	50,777,716	50,945,618			50,777,716	50,945,618				
Total assets	67,971,513	67,186,937	52,505	52,255	68,024,018	67,239,192				
Deferred outflows of										
resources	14,105,560	19,516,887			14,105,560	19,516,887				
Liabilities										
Current and										
other liabilities	48,763,415	75,451,493	-	1,514	48,763,415	75,453,007				
Long-term debt	58,349,858	60,904,466			58,349,858	60,904,466				
Total liabilities	107,113,273	136,355,959		1,514	107,113,273	136,357,473				
Deferred inflows of										
resources	25,481,722	8,371,781			25,481,722	8,371,781				
Net position										
Net position Net investment in										
	(4.076.630)	/F (24 922)			(4.076.630)	/F (24 922)				
capital assets	(4,076,639)	(5,621,832)	-	-	(4,076,639)	(5,621,832)				
Restricted	1,561,660	1,265,422	-	-	1,561,660	1,265,422				
Unrestricted (deficit)	(48,002,943)	(53,667,506)	52,505	50,741	(47,950,438)	(53,616,765)				
Total net position	\$ (50,517,922)	\$ (58,023,916)	\$ 52,505	\$ 50,741	\$ (50,465,417)	\$ (57,973,175)				

Management's Discussion and Analysis

	Change in Net Position											
		Governmen	tal A	ctivities		Business-ty	ре А	ctivities	Total			
		2022	2021			2022		2021		2022		2021
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	2,609,866	\$	2,049,056	\$	14,743	\$	6,260	\$	2,624,609	\$	2,055,316
Operating grants												
and contributions		16,921,036		15,565,603		-		-		16,921,036		15,565,603
General revenues:												
Property taxes		8,940,902		9,006,971		-		-		8,940,902		9,006,971
Grants and contributions												
not restricted for												
specific purposes		18,880,161		18,248,342		-		-		18,880,161		18,248,342
Unrestricted interest and		0.400		0.007		404		447		0.540		0.244
investment earnings		8,408		9,097		134		117		8,542		9,214
Gain on sale		5.064		4 70 4						5.064		. 70.
of capital assets		5,861		4,784		-		-		5,861		4,784
Other		101,214		102,510		14.077				101,214	-	102,510
Evnances		47,467,448		44,986,363		14,877		6,377		47,482,325		44,992,740
Expenses: Instruction		10 517 027		22 512 512						10 517 027		22 512 512
Supporting services		19,517,937 12,382,435		22,512,512 13,966,556		-		-		19,517,937 12,382,435		22,512,512 13,966,556
Food services		1,673,255		1,671,337		-		-		1,673,255		1,671,337
Athletics		915,553		709,810		-		-		915,553		709,810
Community services		287,261		354,476		_		_		287,261		354,476
Facilities acquisition,		287,201		334,470		-		-		287,201		334,470
construction,												
and improvements		10,202		_		_		_		10,202		_
Student service activity		311,567		202,600		_		_		311,567		202,600
Interest on		311,307		202,000						311,307		202,000
long-term debt		2,274,424		2,358,056		_		_		2,274,424		2,358,056
Other expenses		121,750		258,637		_		_		121,750		258,637
Unallocated depreciation		2,467,070		2,485,560		_		_		2,467,070		2,485,560
Catering		-		-		13,113		17,525		13,113		17,525
Total expenses		39,961,454		44,519,544		13,113		17,525		39,974,567		44,537,069
•								·				
Change in net position		7,505,994		466,819		1,764		(11,148)		7,507,758		455,671
Net position:												
Beginning of year		(58,023,916)		(58,490,735)		50,741		61,889		(57,973,175)		(58,428,846)
End of year	\$	(50,517,922)	\$	(58,023,916)	\$	52,505	\$	50,741	\$	(50,465,417)	\$	(57,973,175)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Financial Analysis

Governmental Activities

Net position increased \$7,505,994, compared to a \$466,819 increase in the prior year. The increase in revenues, specifically operating grants and contributions, is primarily due to ESSER funds. The overall change in expenses is primarily related to a decrease in the pension and OPEB expenses of \$6,476,067.

Business-type Activities

Net position increased by \$1,764, compared to a \$11,148 decrease in the prior year. This is primarily due to the pandemic causing schools to shut down and for classes to be remote for the majority of fiscal year 2021. In the current year, the District was able to perform more catering functions.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is an accounting concept reflecting the current financial resources measurement focus (modified accrual basis of accounting). On June 30, 2022, the District's general fund balance was \$8,114,700, increasing by \$544,648 from the prior year. The increase is related to unspent departmental budgets, totaling \$6,977,833 in the general fund.

Assets

Total assets in the general fund are \$11,976,516, as shown in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Investments made on behalf of the District are in accordance with restrictions imposed by State law. Cash in non-interest bearing accounts is kept at a minimum, with funds in excess of that needed to cover outstanding checks moved to an investment pool account designed specifically for Districts.

Revenues

Since the enactment of Proposal A in 1994, the State of Michigan is the primary source of funds for the District (see the following chart). The State of Michigan provides schools with a foundation grant per student which is used for overall operations of the District. For 2021-2022, the District received \$8,700 per student. The State also provides other grants or categorical dollars that are to be used for specific purposes. These types of allocations are provided as stated amounts of money instead of on a per student basis. The total revenues from the State are shown in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

Local taxes for residential homes in the District were reduced by approximately 80% when Proposal A was enacted. Property taxes collected for residential home owners are transferred directly to the State while non residential property owners' education related taxes are transferred to the District. The total local taxes collected for 2021-2022 are shown in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

Federal funds are dedicated to specific program purposes. Federal dollars are reported in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The District revenues mentioned above are the three main sources of revenue as indicated on the following chart. General fund revenues are also illustrated in the following chart.

19.03% Local sources State sources Federal sources Interdistrict sources

Sources of Funds - General Fund

Foundation Grant/State Aid

A major determinant of the amount of State foundation grant money received from the State is the student enrollment. Foundation grant amounts are based on a "blended count" of students. Districts have two student count days, one is in October of the current fiscal year and the other is in February. The computation is based on 90% of the current year October count, and 10% weight for the prior fiscal year February count. The blended enrollment for 2021-2022 was 2,751. Projections for 2022-2023 are estimated at 2,711. Students have the right to attend a school of their choice within the District subject to the availability of space in the classrooms. They can also apply to a different District, and, if accepted, can attend school in that district. For the October 2021 student count, 1,583 students left the District by school of choice.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Special Education Funding

Special Education funding consists of the foundation grant per student, a categorical amount of \$185,562 in 2022, Medicaid payments for "fee for service" and distributions from the Lenawee Intermediate School District (LISD) from a special levy collected by the LISD for special education authorized by Act 18 of 1954. The total Special Education funding fell short of the total Special Education direct expenses in 2021-2022. See table below. The expenses in the Special Education programs are difficult to control, given the requirements for outreach and for identification of students with special needs, class size, and teacher case load under the Federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) and the State mandates that flow from that federal act.

The District cooperates with LISD for the more intensive Special Education services, including the Laura Haviland program for the severely emotionally impaired.

	2014-15	2015-16		2016-17		2017-18		
Special Education Foundation grant State categorical LISD Act 18 funds Medicaid FFS/Outreach	\$ 753,911 190,544 1,253,107 71,685	\$	787,412 194,556 1,379,555 47,220	\$	791,909 201,854 1,272,550 55,260	\$ 759,239 201,429 1,378,066 91,318		
Total reimbursements	2,269,246		2,408,743		2,321,573	2,430,052		
Total Special Education costs	 2,561,639		2,671,361		2,681,006	 2,539,055		
Unreimbursed costs	\$ (292,393)	\$	(262,618)	\$	(359,433)	\$ (109,003)		
Percentage reimbursement	 88.6%	90.2%		90.2%		90.2% 86.6%		 95.7%
	2018-19		2019-20		2020-21	2021-22		
Special Education Foundation grant State categorical LISD Act 18 funds	\$ 756,908 193,098 1,336,318	\$	797,150 202,062	\$	769,458 210,699	\$ 720,273 210,700		
Medicaid FFS/Outreach	 96,041		1,589,099 99,123		1,614,342 88,486	 1,763,181 73,546		
Medicaid FFS/Outreach Total reimbursements	 		, ,					
·	96,041		99,123		88,486	 73,546		
Total reimbursements	\$ 96,041	\$	99,123	\$	2,682,985	\$ 73,546		

Expenses

Salaries and Benefits

Compensation of employees in the form of salaries and benefits are a significant portion of the District's expenses (approximately 75%). The District is challenged in keeping its employees' salaries competitive with neighboring Districts which have higher foundation allowances per pupil or which are not experiencing declines in student enrollment. Health insurance costs to the District have slowed as the employees are picking up more of the costs. During the 2012-2013 school year, the State mandated a hard cap for health insurance and all employees pay the costs above the hard cap. Contribution rates to the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) for fiscal years 2022 and 2021 were set at 28.23% and 28.21%, respectively.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Budget Factors

Public Act 621 commonly known as the "The Uniform Budget Act of the State of Michigan" requires that the local board of education approve an operating budget by July 1st of each year. The budget is based on the best available information at that time. As a matter of practice, however, the District amends its budget during the school year, usually in December or January. In fact, all Michigan School Districts must complete a second full budget after the State's official student membership count date because only then do they know their Foundation grant's income level and other significant factors, such as staffing. These revisions are made in order to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures.

Each year's expenditure plan includes restricted funds "carried over" from the past year in various state or federal grants. Because the amount of these carryovers cannot be reasonably estimated at the time the original budget for the year is prepared in June, these amounts are added to the revised budgets adopted at mid-year and at the end of the year.

The resolution adopting the budget specifies that whenever the District becomes aware of issues that will affect the budget by \$50,000, either positively or negatively, the budget must be amended to reflect that change.

In comparing original budget, final budget, and actual figures for the year in the general fund, budgeted revenues from federal sources was not used in total, causing \$6,405,263 to be carried over to the next school year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original budget as compared to the final amended budget was changed primarily due to State and federal revenues. Once these sources were known, subsequent budget amendments recognized additional revenue and the related expenditure needs were adjusted accordingly.

Actual results were better than expected and the ending fund balance exceeded anticipated final amended budget amounts by \$280,374, as compared with the prior year difference of \$430,629.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

The District had \$84,037,549 invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$33,259,833. Significant additions include district-wide filtration systems. Refer to footnote 5 for additional information regarding capital assets.

At the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, the District's long-term debt obligations included \$298,994 in compensated absences including accrued vacation and sick pay leave, \$626,399 of early retirement incentives, \$23,580,000 from the 2016 bond project, \$3,541,809 of bond premiums from the 2016 bonds, \$26,985,000 of refunded building and site bonds from the 2017 refunding of the 2007 refunding of the 2004 building and site bonds, and \$3,317,656 of bond premiums from the 2017 refunding bonds. More detail is presented in Note 8 in the Notes to Financial Statements.

Proprietary Fund

During the 2007-2008 fiscal year, a portion of the food service fund was branched off to a new fund, the catering fund. This fund is used to track activity that is business-like in nature. Catering by the food service employees is done with the intention of earning a profit at the end of the year. This type of activity is more like the business sector, therefore, it is classified as a Proprietary Fund. Net position at the end of the year was \$52,505, which was an increase of \$1,764 compared to the prior year.

Internal Service Fund

During 2010-11, an unemployment internal service fund was established. This fund was set up to hold and disburse unemployment expenses. The fund captures, on an as needed basis, a percentage of salaries in all funds to assist in making the potential unemployment liability as minimal as possible. Over the last several years, the District has not had significant unemployment and as such, has not been capturing any salary amounts. The District plans to continue to monitor this fund and replenish, via salary captures, as needed.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Economic Factors

Future revenues of the District are uncertain due to the economy in the State of Michigan.

The budget for the year ended June 30, 2023 was adopted in June 2022 when there was a high degree of uncertainty related to the funding and operations for districts in the State of Michigan due to the novel coronavirus outbreak (COVID-19). Subsequent to year end, additional funding has been provided by the State of Michigan through various restricted federal grant programs. Despite this, there continues to be a high degree of uncertainty regarding potential changes to state and federal funding. These factors will have a significant impact on the operational and financial performance of the District.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, please contact:

Kathy Westfall, Assistant Superintendent Adrian Public Schools 785 Riverside Avenue, Suite 1 Adrian, MI 49221 517-264-6647 kwestfall@adrian.k12.mi.us This page intentionally left blank.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,172,363	\$ 49,011	\$ 8,221,374
Investments	2,159,306	-	2,159,306
Receivables	6,352,164	3,146	6,355,310
Other assets	509,964	348	510,312
Capital assets not being depreciated	1,288,300	-	1,288,300
Capital assets being depreciated, net	49,489,416		49,489,416
Total assets	67,971,513	52,505	68,024,018
Deferred outflows of resources			
Deferred charge on advance bond refunding	1,433,425	-	1,433,425
Deferred pension amounts	9,119,818	-	9,119,818
Deferred other postemployment benefit amounts	3,552,317		3,552,317
Total deferred outflows of resources	14,105,560		14,105,560
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,022,901	-	4,022,901
Unearned revenue	350,359	-	350,359
Long-term debt:			
Due within one year	3,031,564	-	3,031,564
Due in more than one year	55,318,294	-	55,318,294
Net pension liability (due in more than one year)	41,677,656	-	41,677,656
Net other postemployment			
benefits liability (due in more than one year)	2,712,499		2,712,499
Total liabilities	107,113,273		107,113,273
Deferred inflows of resources			
Deferred pension amounts	15,054,948	-	15,054,948
Deferred other postemployment benefit amounts	10,426,774		10,426,774
Total deferred inflows of resources	25,481,722		25,481,722
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	(4,076,639)	-	(4,076,639)
Restricted for food service	1,086,737	-	1,086,737
Restricted for student scholarships	25,800	-	25,800
Restricted for debt service	449,123	-	449,123
Unrestricted (deficit)	(48,002,943)	52,505	(47,950,438)
Total net position	\$ (50,517,922)	\$ 52,505	\$ (50,465,417)

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Program Revenues							
Functions / Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services				Grants and		Ne	et (Expense) Revenue
Governmental activities										
Instruction	\$	19,517,937	\$	-	\$	14,574,850	\$	(4,943,087)		
Supporting services		12,382,435		2,489,864		252,167		(9,640,404)		
Food service		1,673,255		44,647		2,094,019		465,411		
Athletics		915,553		75,355		-		(840,198)		
Community services		287,261		-		-		(287,261)		
Facilities acquisition, construction,										
and improvements		10,202		-		=		(10,202)		
Student service activity		311,567		-		-		(311,567)		
Interest on long-term debt		2,274,424		-		-		(2,274,424)		
Other expenses		121,750		-		-		(121,750)		
Unallocated depreciation		2,467,070				_		(2,467,070)		
Total governmental activities		39,961,454		2,609,866		16,921,036		(20,430,552)		
Business-type activities										
Catering		13,113		14,743				1,630		
Total	\$	39,974,567	\$	2,624,609	\$	16,921,036	\$	(20,428,922)		

continued...

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Changes in net position			
Net expense	\$ (20,430,552)	\$ 1,630	\$ (20,428,922)
General revenues:			
Property taxes levied for general purposes	4,367,232	-	4,367,232
Property taxes levied for debt service	4,573,670	-	4,573,670
Grants and contributions not			
restricted for specific purposes	18,880,161	-	18,880,161
Unrestricted interest and investment earnings	8,408	134	8,542
Gain on sale of capital assets	5,861	-	5,861
Other	101,214		101,214
Total general revenues	27,936,546	134	27,936,680
Change in net position	7,505,994	1,764	7,507,758
Net position, beginning of year	(58,023,916)	50,741	(57,973,175)
Net position, end of year	\$ (50,517,922)	\$ 52,505	\$ (50,465,417)

concluded.

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	General	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,625,382	\$ 3,518,187	\$	8,143,569
Investments	542,460	1,616,846		2,159,306
Accounts receivable	177,383	_		177,383
Due from other governments	6,128,247	46,534		6,174,781
Inventory	-	6,920		6,920
Prepaids	 503,044	 		503,044
Total assets	\$ 11,976,516	\$ 5,188,487	\$	17,165,003
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 254,238	\$ 69,016	\$	323,254
Accrued payroll	2,204,737	5,124		2,209,861
Other liabilities	1,052,482	12,573		1,065,055
Unearned revenue	 350,359	 		350,359
Total liabilities	 3,861,816	86,713		3,948,529
Fund balances				
Nonspendable:				
Inventory	-	6,920		6,920
Prepaids	503,044	-		503,044
Restricted:				
Food service	-	1,079,817		1,079,817
Student scholarships	-	25,800		25,800
Debt service	-	867,681		867,681
Capital projects and technology	-	1,135,529		1,135,529
Capital projects Maple Stadium	-	1,156		1,156
Committed:				
Community service	-	9,160		9,160
Student service activities	-	284,572		284,572
Assigned:				
Sick leave	287,751	-		287,751
Retiree health and early retirement incentive	32,023	-		32,023
Capital projects	-	1,691,139		1,691,139
Unassigned	 7,291,882	 -		7,291,882
Total fund balances	8,114,700	5,101,774		13,216,474
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 11,976,516	\$ 5,188,487	\$	17,165,003

R

Reconciliation

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2022

Fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 13,216,474

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Capital assets not being depreciated	1,288,300
Capital assets being depreciated, net	49,489,416

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.

Net position of governmental activities accounted for in the internal service fund 22,621

Certain liabilities, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Bonds payable	(50,565,000)
Premium on bonds payable	(6,859,465)
Accrued interest on bonds payable	(418,558)
Deferred charge on advance bond refunding	1,433,425
Compensated absences and early retirement incentive	(925,393)

Certain pension and other postemployment benefit-related amounts, such as the net pension liability, the net other postemployment benefit liability, and deferred amounts, are not due and payable in the current period or do not represent current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Net pension liability	(41,677,656)
Deferred outflows related to the net pension liability	9,119,818
Deferred inflows related to the net pension liability	(15,054,948)
Net other postemployment benefit liability	(2,712,499)
Deferred outflows related to the net other postemployment benefit liability	3,552,317
Deferred inflows related to the net other postemployment benefit liability	(10,426,774)

Net position of governmental activities \$ (50,517,922)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Local sources	\$ 4,896,166	\$ 5,024,695	\$ 9,920,861
State sources	25,549,362	236,598	25,785,960
Federal sources	7,640,946	2,055,175	9,696,121
Interdistrict sources	2,058,645		2,058,645
Total revenues	40,145,119	7,316,468	47,461,587
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction	22,670,587	-	22,670,587
Supporting services	13,641,492	7,450	13,648,942
Food service	-	1,799,068	1,799,068
Athletics	1,027,960	-	1,027,960
Community services	298,543	17,770	316,313
Facilities acquisition, construction, and improvements	10,202	-	10,202
Student service activity	-	311,567	311,567
Other expenditures	-	121,750	121,750
Debt service:			
Principal	-	2,150,000	2,150,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	2,591,586	2,591,586
Capital outlay	1,397,700	824,303	2,222,003
Total expenditures	39,046,484	7,823,494	46,869,978
Revenues over (under) expenditures	1,098,635	(507,026)	591,609
Other financing sources (uses)			
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	7,471	283	7,754
Transfers in	105,683	667,141	772,824
Transfers out	(667,141)	(105,683)	(772,824)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(553,987)	561,741	7,754
Net change in fund balances	544,648	54,715	599,363
Fund balances, beginning of year	7,570,052	5,047,059	12,617,111
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 8,114,700	\$ 5,101,774	\$ 13,216,474

Reconciliation

Net Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 599,363

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital assets purchased	2,301,061
Depreciation expense	(2,467,070)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(7,754)
Gain on sale/disposal of capital assets	5,861

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but issuing bonds increases long-term debt in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term debt in the statement of net position.

Principal payments on bonds	2,150,000
Amortization of bond premiums	424,047
Amortization of charge on bond refunding	(119,452)

Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and in the statement of activities when interest accrues.

Change in accrued interest payable on bonds 12,567

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.

Change in the accrual for compensated absences and early retirement incentive	(19,439)
Change in the net pension liability and related deferred amounts	1,751,502
Change in the net other postemployment benefit liability and related	
deferred amounts	2,875,748

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.

Operating loss from governmental activities accounted for in internal service funds (440)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 7,505,994

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	octual Over Under) Final Budget
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 4,949,205	\$ 5,033,014	\$ 4,896,166	\$ (136,848)
State sources	24,160,435	25,783,412	25,549,362	(234,050)
Federal sources	6,735,113	14,046,209	7,640,946	(6,405,263)
Interdistrict sources	 1,896,135	 1,993,412	 2,058,645	 65,233
Total revenues	 37,740,888	 46,856,048	40,145,119	 (6,710,929)
Expenditures				
Instruction:				
Basic programs	16,682,856	17,698,307	17,066,795	(631,512)
Added needs	5,546,755	7,032,174	5,459,034	(1,573,140)
Adult and continuing education	120,804	153,249	144,758	(8,491)
	 22,350,416	24,883,730	22,670,587	(2,213,143)
Supporting services:				
Pupil services	2,722,997	3,133,978	2,849,019	(284,959)
Instructional staff	2,053,481	2,163,291	1,754,606	(408,685)
General administration	780,300	871,686	852,105	(19,581)
School administration	2,231,720	2,282,803	2,266,746	(16,057)
Business office	893,159	806,929	823,939	17,010
Operations and maintenance	2,856,111	3,673,018	3,199,518	(473,500)
Pupil transportation	1,443,146	1,323,796	1,240,601	(83,195)
Central services	623,266	689,103	640,862	(48,241)
Other support services	-	33,600	14,096	(19,504)
	13,604,181	14,978,203	13,641,492	 (1,336,711)
Athletics	 1,042,234	 1,073,983	 1,027,960	 (46,023)
Community services	 259,206	 323,321	 298,543	 (24,778)
Facilities acquisition, construction, and improvements	<u>-</u>	37,009	10,202	(26,807)
Capital outlay	 582,120	 4,728,070	 1,397,700	 (3,330,370)
Total expenditures	 37,838,157	 46,024,317	 39,046,484	 (6,977,833)

continued...

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(97,269)	\$	831,731	\$	1,098,635	\$	266,904
Other financing sources (uses)								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		7,471		7,471		-
Transfers in		90,000		90,000		105,683		15,683
Transfers out		(200,000)		(664,928)		(667,141)		2,213
Total other financing sources (uses)		(110,000)		(567,457)		(553,987)		13,470
Net change in fund balance		(207,269)		264,274		544,648		280,374
Fund balance, beginning of year		7,570,052		7,570,052		7,570,052		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	7,362,783	\$	7,834,326	\$	8,114,700	\$	280,374

concluded.

Statement of Net Position

Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

	Enterprise Fund		Governmenta Activities	
	Catering Fund		Internal Service Fund	
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	49,011	\$	28,794
Accounts receivable		3,146		-
Inventory		348		-
Total assets	52,505		28,794	
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable		-		1,011
Other liabilities		-		5,162
Total liabilities			6,17	
Net position, unrestricted	\$ 52,505		\$ 22,621	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Enterprise Fund		Governmental Activities		
	Catering Fund			Internal rvice Fund	
Operating revenues					
Charges for services	\$	14,743	\$ 5,955		
Operating expenses					
Salaries		3,234		-	
Employee benefits		1,817		-	
Contracted services		2		-	
Supplies		8,022	-		
Office expense		38	-		
Supporting services				6,395	
Total operating expenses		13,113		6,395	
Operating income (loss)		1,630		(440)	
Nonoperating revenue					
Interest income		134	-		
Change in net position		1,764		(440)	
Net position, beginning of year		50,741		23,061	
Net position, end of year	\$	52,505	\$ 22,621		

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Enterprise Fund			ernmental ctivities
	Catering Fund		_	nternal vice Fund
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash received from customers and others	\$	14,808	\$	5,955
Cash payments to employees		(6,389)		-
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(8,062)		(12,569)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		357		(6,614)
Cash flows provided by investing activities				
Interest received		134		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		491		(6,614)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		48,520		35,408
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	49,011	\$	28,794
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net				
cash provided by (used in) operating activities				
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,630	\$	(440)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)				
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		(531)		222
Inventory		772		-
Accounts payable		(176)		(11,558)
Accrued payroll		(985)		-
Other liabilities		(353)		5,162
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	357	\$	(6,614)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to Financial Statements

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

Adrian Public Schools (the "District") has followed the guidelines of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined that no entities should be consolidated into its basic financial statements as component units. Therefore, the reporting entity consists of the primary government financial statements only. The criteria for including a component unit include significant operational or financial relationships with the District.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period or within one year for expenditure-driven grants. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Notes to Financial Statements

The District reports the following major governmental fund -

The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for and reported in another fund.

The District reports the following major proprietary fund -

The catering fund accounts for the catering services performed by food service employees.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

The *special revenue funds* are used to account for and report the proceeds of *specific revenue sources* that are restricted or committed to expenditure for *specific purposes* other than debt service or capital projects.

The *debt service funds* are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

The capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for the acquisition or construction of capital assets.

The *internal service fund* is used to account for and report unemployment expenses. The fund captures a percentage on all salaries in all funds to assist in making the potential unemployment liability as minimal as possible.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Equity

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The District's investments in the Michigan Liquid Assets Fund (MILAF) are recorded at amortized cost, and its investments in the Michigan CLASS government investment pool are stated at fair value.

Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". These interfund balances, as applicable, result primarily from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Notes to Financial Statements

Inventory and Prepaids

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost (first in, first out) or market. Inventory in the food service and catering funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure when consumed rather than when purchased. Inventories reported in governmental funds are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of fund balance.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaids in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition cost at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Capital assets of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Land improvements	5-20
Buildings and improvements	50
Furniture and equipment	5-20
Licensed vehicles	6

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District reports deferred outflows for the charge on refunding. This amount represents the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The District also reports deferred outflows of resources related to the net pension liability and the net other postemployment benefit liability. A portion of these costs represent contributions to the plan subsequent to the plan measurement date.

Notes to Financial Statements

Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate various earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. These are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

Employees accrue 10-13 days of sick leave, per year, which accumulates if not used. Sick time is paid upon termination only to employees who have ten or more years of service with the District. The maximum payout upon termination varies, depending on the employee's classification (teacher, administrator, etc.).

Administrators and other support staff working year-round accrue vacation time in varying amounts. Teachers and other personnel working less than twelve months during the year do not receive paid vacation time, but are paid only for the number of days they are required to work each year. Upon termination, an employee may elect to receive the unused portion of his/her vacation time in a payout.

Leave time is granted to some employee groups as opposed to sick and/or vacation. These are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

All payouts are made to the individual employee's 403(b) retirement account.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Where applicable, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received in debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures when incurred.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District's deferred inflows of resources are related to pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements

Fund Equity

Governmental funds report *nonspendable fund balance* for amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. *Restricted fund balance* is reported when externally imposed constraints are placed on the use of the resources by grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. *Committed fund balance* is reported for amounts that can be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action if the government's highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Education. A formal resolution of the Board of Education is required to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment. The District reports *assigned fund balance*, when applicable, for amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Education has given authority to the Assistant Superintendent to assign fund balances. *Unassigned fund balance* is the residual classification for the general fund.

When the District incurs an expenditure for purposes for which various fund balance classification can be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and finally unassigned fund balance.

Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits, and pension and other postemployment benefit expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the plan and additions to/deductions from the plan fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The general and special revenue funds are under formal budgetary control. Budgets shown in the financial statements are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and are not significantly different from the modified accrual basis used to reflect actual results, and consist only of those amounts contained in the formal budget as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Education. The budgets for the general and special revenue funds are adopted on a functional basis.

During the year, the District incurred expenditures in the general fund, which were in excess of amounts budgeted, as follows:

	Final		Over
	Budget	Actual	Budget
General fund			
Supporting services -			
Business office	\$ 806,929	\$ 823,939	\$ 17,010
Transfers out	664,928	667,141	2,213

All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Notes to Financial Statements

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the Statement of Net Position follows:

Statement of Net Position	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,221,374
Investments	 2,159,306
Total	\$ 10,380,680
Deposits and investments	
Bank deposits -	
Checking and savings accounts	\$ 8,221,334
Investments	2,159,306
Cash on hand	40
Total	\$ 10,380,680

Statutory Authority

State statutes authorize the District to invest in:

Bonds, bills, or notes of the United States; obligations, the principal and interest of which are fully guaranteed by the United States; or obligations of the State. In a primary or fourth class school district, the bonds, bills, or notes shall be payable at the option of the holder upon not more than 90 days notice or, if not so payable, shall have maturity dates not more than 5 years after the purchase dates.

Certificates of deposit insured by a State or national bank, savings accounts of a state or federal savings and loan association, or certificates of deposit or share certificates of a state or federal credit union organized and authorized to operate in this State.

Commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase and maturing not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.

Securities issued or guaranteed by agencies or instrumentalities of the United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, and bankers' acceptance issued by a bank that is a member of the federal deposit insurance corporation.

Mutual funds composed entirely of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a school district.

Investment pools, as authorized by the surplus funds investment pool act, composed entirely of instruments that are legal for direct investment by a school district.

The District's investment policy allows for all of these types of investments.

Notes to Financial Statements

Investments

The District chooses to disclose its investments by specific identification. As of year end, the District had the following investments.

Investment	Maturity		ortized Cost Fair Value	Rating
Michigan CLASS government investment investment pool	n/a	Ś	852,240	S&P - AAAm
Michigan Liquid Asset Fund (MILAF) Portfolio	n/a	Ţ	1,307,066	S&P - AAAm
		\$	2,159,306	

Deposit and Investment Risk

Interest Rate Risk. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified above. The District's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The District's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. Credit risk ratings on investments are noted above.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the District does not have a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of year end, \$9,055,960 of the District's bank balance of \$9,305,960 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk — Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the District does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk. None of the District's investments are subject to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book form.

Concentration of Credit Risk. State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The District's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on concentration of credit risk. All investments held at year end are reported above.

Notes to Financial Statements

Fair Value. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The investments in the Michigan CLASS government investment pool are not categorized as they are measured at net asset value per share or its equivalent.

Investments in Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share. The District holds share in Michigan CLASS whereby the fair value of the investment is measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment pool as a practical expedient.

At year end, the net asset value of the District's investment in Michigan CLASS was \$852,240. The investment pool had no unfunded commitments, specific redemption frequency or redemption notice period required. The Michigan CLASS investment pool invests in U.S. treasury obligations, federal agency obligations of the U.S. government, high-grade commercial paper (rated 'A-1' or better) collateralized bank deposits, repurchase agreements (collateralized at 102% by Treasuries and agencies), and approved money-market funds. The program seeks to provide safety, liquidity, convenience, and competitive rates of return, and is designed to meet the needs of Michigan public sector investors. It purchases securities that are legally permissible under state statutes and are available for investment by Michigan counties, cities, townships, school districts, authorities, and other public agencies.

Governmental Business-type

4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the District's governmental and business-type activities, are as follows:

	Activities		Activities	
Accounts Due from other governments	\$	177,383 6,174,781	\$	3,146
	\$	6,352,164	\$	3,146

Notes to Financial Statements

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being					
depreciated:					
Construction in progress	\$ 22,600	\$ 1,288,300	\$ -	\$ (22,600)	\$ 1,288,300
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Land improvements	2,687,341	81,795	_	_	2,769,136
Buildings and	2,087,341	81,793			2,703,130
improvements	69,154,679	122,212	_	22,600	69,299,491
Furniture and	, - ,	,		,	,, -
equipment	9,580,907	779,997	(23,206)	-	10,337,698
Licensed vehicles	364,781	28,757	(50,614)	-	342,924
	81,787,708	1,012,761	(73,820)	22,600	82,749,249
Less accumulated					
depreciation for:					
Land improvements	(890,609)	(237,892)	-	-	(1,128,501)
Buildings and					
improvements	(26,458,149)	(1,613,102)	-	-	(28,071,251)
Furniture and					
equipment	(3,231,570)	(588,643)	21,313	-	(3,798,900)
Licensed vehicles	(284,362)	(27,433)	50,614		(261,181)
	(30,864,690)	(2,467,070)	71,927		(33,259,833)
Total capital assets					
being depreciated, net	50,923,018	(1,454,309)	(1,893)	22,600	49,489,416
Covernmental activities					
Governmental activities	\$ 50,945,618	\$ (166,009)	\$ (1,893)	¢	\$ 50,777,716
capital assets, net	\$ 50,545,018	\$ (166,009)	ر (۱,693)	\$ -	\$ 50,777,716

Depreciation expense of \$2,467,070 was not allocated to specific functions and is reported as "unallocated depreciation" on the statement of activities.

At June 30, 2022, the District had outstanding construction commitments under construction contracts of approximately \$4.1 million.

Notes to Financial Statements

6. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are comprised of the following:

	Governmental Activities
Fund Financial Statements:	
Accounts payable	\$ 324,265
Accrued payroll	2,209,861
Other liabilities	1,070,217
	3,604,343
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Accrued interest on long-term debt	418,558
	\$ 4,022,901

7. TRANSFERS

For the year ending June 30, 2022, interfund transfers consisted of the following:

	Transfers		Transfers	
	In		In Out	
General fund Nonmajor governmental funds		105,683 667,141	\$	667,141 105,683
	\$	772,824	\$	772,824

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; (2) move receipts restricted to or allowed for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due; and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District transferred funds from the general fund to the capital projects and technology and food service funds. In addition, the District transferred costs from the food service fund to the general fund for indirect cost recovery.

Notes to Financial Statements

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

Bonds payable consist of the following issues:

2016 School Building and Site Bonds, due in annual installments of \$440,000 to \$1,605,000 through 2046, interest at 4.0% to 5.0% \$ 23,580,000 2017 Refunding Bonds, due in annual installments of \$440,000 to \$1,605,000 through 2034, interest at 4.0% to 5.0% 26,985,000 \$ 50,565,000

Changes in Long-term Debt. Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
General obligation bonds:					
2016 bonds	\$ 24,110,000	\$ -	\$ 530,000	\$ 23,580,000	\$ 535,000
2017 refunding bonds	28,605,000		1,620,000	26,985,000	1,690,000
Total general obligation					
bonds	52,715,000	-	2,150,000	50,565,000	2,225,000
Bond premium	7,283,512	-	424,047	6,859,465	424,047
Compensated absences	372,597	893,423	967,026	298,994	298,994
Early retirement incentive	533,357	131,967	38,925	626,399	83,523
Total	\$ 60,904,466	\$ 1,025,390	\$ 3,579,998	\$ 58,349,858	\$ 3,031,564

Compensated absences and early retirement incentives are generally liquidated by the general fund.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$ 2,225,000	\$	2,511,350	\$	4,736,350
2024	2,320,000		2,417,000		4,737,000
2025	2,435,000		2,301,000		4,736,000
2026	2,560,000		2,179,250		4,739,250
2027	2,685,000		2,051,250		4,736,250
2028-2032	15,585,000		8,102,750		23,687,750
2033-2037	10,440,000		4,253,750		14,693,750
2038-2042	6,210,000		2,487,750		8,697,750
2043-2046	 6,105,000		778,000		6,883,000
	_		_		
Totals	\$ 50,565,000	\$	27,082,100	\$	77,647,100

Notes to Financial Statements

9. NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

As of June 30, 2022, net investment in capital assets was comprised of the following:

Invested in capital assets

•	
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 1,288,300
Capital assets being depreciated, net	49,489,416
General obligation bonds	(50,565,000)
Bond premium	(6,859,465)
Deferred charge on refunding	1,433,425
Unexpended bond proceeds	1,136,685

Net investment in capital assets \$ (4,076,639)

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The District has purchased commercial insurance for general liability, property and casualty claims and workers compensation. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

11. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes levied by the District are collected by various municipalities and periodically remitted to the District. The taxes are levied as of July 1 and December 1, and are due upon receipt of the billing by the taxpayer. The actual due dates are September 14, and February 14, after which time the bills become delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the collecting entity. District property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables (collected within sixty days after year end). Amounts received subsequent to August 31 are recognized as revenue when collected.

12. ABATEMENTS

The District received reduced property tax revenues during 2022 as a result of industrial facilities tax exemptions (IFT's) entered into by cities, villages, townships, and authorities within the District boundaries.

The IFT's were entered into based upon the Plant Rehabilitation and Industrial Developments Districts Act (known as the Industrial Facilities Exemption), PA 198 of 1974, as amended. IFT's provide a tax incentive to manufacturers to enable renovation and expansion of aging facilities, assist in the building of new facilities, and to promote the establishment of high-tech facilities. Properties qualifying for IFT status are taxed at 50% of the millage rate applicable to other real and personal property within the District boundaries. The abatements amounted to \$7,173 in reduced District tax revenues for 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements

13. PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLANS

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (the "System" or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (the "State") originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members - eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available at the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Pension Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25% to 1.50%. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB member plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account if applicable. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Participants in the defined contribution plan consist of one of the following: (1) members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after September 4, 2012 and elected to be enrolled in the defined contribution plan; (2) members who elected to transfer from the defined benefit plan to the defined contribution plan under the reform (P.A. 300) of 2012; or (3) members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after February 1, 2018 and did not elect participation in the Pension Plus 2 plan. Members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after September 4, 2012 and elected to be enrolled in the defined contribution plan receive a 100% match of the member contribution rate up to a maximum of 3% based on the member's gross earnings. Additionally, there is a mandatory employer contribution of 4% of the member's gross earnings for MPSERS members who elected to convert from a Basic or MIP benefit plan to the defined contribution benefit plan. Members electing the Pension Plus or Pension Plus 2 benefit plan receive a 50% match of the member's contribution percent up to a maximum of 1% based on the member's gross earnings. Effective October 1, 2017, there is a mandatory employer contribution of 4% of the member's gross earnings for members who elect the Defined Contribution benefit plan. The employer must match 100% of the employee contribution for any member who elected the Personal Healthcare Fund up to a maximum of 2% of the member's gross earnings. For all members with a Personal Health Care Fund (PHF), the first 2% of DC contributions must go into the PHF and must be matched 100% by the employer.

Other Postemployment Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008 (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date. Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

Notes to Financial Statements

Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2020 valuation will be amortized over an 18-year period beginning October 1, 2020 and ending September 30, 2038.

The table below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2022:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Basic	0.00% - 4.00%	19.78% -
		20.14%
Member Investment Plan (MIP)	3.00% - 7.00%	19.78% -
		20.14%
Pension Plus	3.00% - 6.40%	16.82% -
		17.22%
Pension Plus 2	6.20%	19.59% -
		19.93%
Defined Contribution	0.00%	13.39% -
		13.73%

For the year ended June 30, 2022, required and actual contributions from the District to the pension plan were \$6,074,117, which included \$2,788,847, the amount received from the State and remitted to the System to fund the MPSERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability ("UAAL") stabilization rate.

The table below summarizes OPEB contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2022:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Premium Subsidy	3.00%	8.09% - 8.43%
Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00%	7.23% - 7.57%

For the year ended June 30, 2022, required and actual contributions from the District to the OPEB plan were \$1,361,014.

Notes to Financial Statements

The table below summarizes defined contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2022:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Defined Contribution	0.00% - 3.00%	0.00% - 7.00%
Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00% - 2.00%	0.00% - 2.00%

For the year ended June 30, 2022, required and actual contributions from the District for those members with a defined contribution benefit were \$243,829.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$41,677,656 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.17604%, which was a decrease of 0.00382% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$4,239,046. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Outflows of		Outflows of		Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Outflows of		Outflows of Inflows		Deferred Deferred Out Outflows of Inflows of (Inflo		et Deferred Outflows Inflows) of Resources
Differences between expected and																	
actual experience	\$	645,605	\$	245,432	\$	400,173											
Changes in assumptions		2,627,210		-		2,627,210											
Net difference between projected and actual																	
earnings on pension plan investments		-		13,399,233		(13,399,233)											
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate																	
share of contributions		111,803		1,410,283		(1,298,480)											
		3,384,618		15,054,948		(11,670,330)											
District contributions subsequent to the																	
measurement date		5,735,200		-		5,735,200											
Total	\$	9,119,818	\$	15,054,948	\$	(5,935,130)											

Notes to Financial Statements

The \$5,735,200 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount
2023	\$ (1,581,164)
2024	(2,788,231)
2025	(3,564,892)
2026	(3,736,043)
Total	\$ (11,670,330)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$2,712,499 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2020. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required OPEB contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of OPEB contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.17771% which was a decrease of 0.00215% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2020.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(1,548,266). At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Outflows of Inflows of		Deferred Deferred O Outflows of Inflows of (Inf		et Deferred Outflows Inflows) of Resources
Differences between expected and									
actual experience	\$	-	\$	7,742,635	\$	(7,742,635)			
Changes in assumptions		2,267,514		339,305		1,928,209			
Net difference between projected and actual									
earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		2,044,459		(2,044,459)			
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate									
share of contributions		74,783		300,375		(225,592)			
		2,342,297		10,426,774		(8,084,477)			
District contributions subsequent to the									
measurement date		1,210,020		-		1,210,020			
Total	\$	3,552,317	\$	10,426,774	\$	(6,874,457)			

The \$1,210,020 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount
2023	\$ (2,074,710)
2024	(1,917,884)
2025	(1,783,523)
2026	(1,653,853)
2027	(578,594)
Thereafter	(75,913)
Total	\$ (8,084,477)

Notes to Financial Statements

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. The total pension and OPEB liabilities in the September 30, 2020 actuarial valuation were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial cost method Entry age, normal

Wage inflation rate 2.75%

Investment rate of return:

MIP and Basic plans (non-hybrid) 6.80%
Pension Plus plan (hybrid) 6.80%
Pension Plus 2 plan (hybrid) 6.00%
OPEB plans 6.95%

Projected salary increases 2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%

Cost of living adjustments 3% annual non-compounded for MIP members

Healthcare cost trend rate 7.75% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15; 3.0% Year 120

Mortality RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables,

adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006. For retirees, the tables were scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females. For active members, 100% of the table rates were

used for both males and females.

Other OPEB assumptions:

Opt-out assumptions 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of

those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt-out of the

retiree health plan.

Survivor coverage 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to

have coverages continuing after the retiree's death.

Coverage election at retirement 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect

coverage for 1 or more dependents.

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension and OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2017 valuation. The total pension and OPEB liabilities as of September 30, 2021, are based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2020, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study. The recognition period for pension liabilities is 4.4367 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for OPEB liabilities is 6.1312 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for assets is 5 years.

Notes to Financial Statements

Long-term Expected Return on Pension Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools	25.00%	5.09%	1.27%
Private equity pools	16.00%	8.58%	1.37%
International equity pools	15.00%	7.08%	1.06%
Fixed income pools	10.50%	-0.73%	-0.08%
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00%	5.12%	0.51%
Absolute return pools	9.00%	2.42%	0.22%
Real return/opportunistic pools	12.50%	5.73%	0.72%
Short-term investment pools	2.00%	-1.29%	-0.03%
	100.00%		5.04%
Inflation			2.00%
Risk adjustment			-0.24%
Investment rate of return			6.80%

Notes to Financial Statements

Long-term Expected Return on OPEB Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools	25.00%	5.09%	1.27%
Private equity pools	16.00%	8.58%	1.37%
International equity pools	15.00%	7.08%	1.06%
Fixed income pools	10.50%	-0.73%	-0.08%
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00%	5.12%	0.51%
Absolute return pools	9.00%	2.42%	0.22%
Real return/opportunistic pools	12.50%	5.73%	0.72%
Short-term investment pools	2.00%	-1.29%	-0.03%
	100.00%		5.04%
Inflation			2.00%
Risk adjustment			-0.09%
Investment rate of return			6.95%

Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 27.30% and 27.14%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Notes to Financial Statements

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan, both of which are hybrid plans provided through non-university employers only) and a discount rate of 6.95% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments of 6.80% (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan) and 6.95%, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine these discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension and OPEB liabilities.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.80% (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan), as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(5.80% / 5.80%	(6.80% / 6.80%	(7.80% / 7.80%
	/ 5.00%)	/ 6.00%)	/ 7.00%)
District's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 59,587,746	\$ 41,677,656	\$ 26,829,018

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

	19	% Decrease (5.95%)	Di	Current scount Rate (6.95%)	1	.% Increase (7.95%)
District's proportionate share of						
the net OPEB liability	\$	5,040,313	\$	2,712,499	\$	737,017

Notes to Financial Statements

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

				Current		
			Hea	althcare Cost		
	1%	Decrease	Т	rend Rate	1	% Increase
		(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)
District's proportionate share of						
the net OPEB liability	\$	660,201	\$	2,712,499	\$	5,021,582

Pension and OPEB Plans Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS financial statements available on the State of Michigan Office of Retirement Services website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a payable of \$840,120 for the outstanding amount of pension contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Payable to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a payable of \$133,693 for the outstanding amount of OPEB contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2022.

14. BONDED CONSTRUCTION COSTS

The 2016 capital project fund records capital project activities funded with bonds issued after May 1, 1994. For this fund, the District has complied with the applicable provisions of §1351(a) of the Michigan Revised School Code and the applicable section of the Revised Bulletin for School District Audits of Bonded Construction Funds and Sinking Funds in Michigan.

15. CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19)

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel coronavirus outbreak (COVID-19) to be a global pandemic. While the pandemic has resulted in an increase in the demands on the District to deliver education to students in a safe environment, the Federal Government has also provided significant resources to help mitigate the impacts of COVID-19. Over the past two years, the District has been awarded funds from various sources to be used to respond to the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic. Of the amount awarded, approximately \$3 million was expended and recognized as revenue during the current fiscal year. With these additional Federal resources, at this time management does not believe that the negative financial impact of the pandemic, if any, would be material to the District.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

	Year Ended June 30,					
	2022			2021		2020
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	41,677,656	\$	41,677,656	\$	60,032,238
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.17604%		0.17986%		0.18128%
District's covered payroll	\$	16,030,526	\$	15,930,173	\$	15,873,331
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		259.99%		261.63%		378.20%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		72.60%		59.72%		60.31%

	Year Ended June 30,													
2019	2018			2017		2016		2015						
\$ 55,225,604	\$	46,584,326	\$	45,627,116	\$	45,627,116	\$	40,919,498						
0.18371%		0.17976%		0.18288%	0.18288% 0.186			0.18577%						
\$ 15,528,343	\$	14,976,852	\$	15,339,854	\$	16,275,763	\$	16,877,379						
355.64%		311.04%		297.44%		280.34%		242.45%						
62.36%		64.21%		63.27%		63.17%		66.20%						

Required Supplementary InformationMPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan Schedule of the District's Pension Contributions

	Year Ended June 30,						
		2022		2021		2020	
Statutorily required contribution	\$	6,074,117	\$	5,321,214	\$	4,955,097	
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		(6,074,117)		(5,321,214)		(4,955,097)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		
District's covered payroll	\$	17,224,690	\$	16,194,910	\$	16,026,922	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		35.26%		32.86%		30.92%	

			Yo	ear	Ended June 30),		
2019		2018			2017		2016	2015
\$	4,817,730	\$	5,021,894	\$	4,352,093	\$	4,208,554	\$ 3,534,836
	(3,294,801)		(5,021,894)		(4,352,093)		(4,208,554)	(3,534,836)
\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$
\$	15,851,079	\$	15,467,012	\$	15,711,618	\$	16,020,133	\$ 16,051,771
	30.39%		32.47%		27.70%		26.27%	22.02%

Required Supplementary Information

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Liability

	Year Ended June 30,									
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,712,499	\$	2,712,499	\$	13,049,805	\$	14,511,539	\$	15,936,749
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.17771%		0.17986%		0.18181%		0.18256%		0.17997%
District's covered payroll	\$	16,030,526	\$	15,930,173	\$	15,873,331	\$	15,528,343	\$	14,976,852
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		16.92%		17.03%		82.21%		93.45%		106.41%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		87.33%		59.44%		48.46%		42.95%		36.39%

Required Supplementary Information

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan Schedule of the District's Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Contributions

	Year Ended June 30,									
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Statutorily required contribution	\$	1,361,014	\$	1,330,207	\$	1,276,762	\$	1,243,075	\$	1,150,372
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		(1,361,014)		(1,330,207)		(1,276,762)		(1,243,075)		(1,150,372)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	17,224,690	\$	16,194,910	\$	16,026,922	\$	15,851,079	\$	15,467,012
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		7.90%		8.21%		7.97%		7.84%		7.44%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Pension Information

GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. The pension plan schedules are being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

The amounts presented in the schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year (the plan year).

The significant changes in assumptions for each of the fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

- 2022 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2023 employer contributions decreased from 3.0% to 2.5%.
- 2021 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2022 employer contributions decreased from 3.5% to 3.0%.
- 2020 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.80% for the MIP and Basic plans, 6.80% for the Pension Plus Plan, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.05% for the MIP and Basic plans, 7.00% for the Pension Plus plan, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan.
- 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2016 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.50% for the MIP and Basic plans and 7.00% for the Pension Plus plan.

OPEB Information

GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2018. The OPEB plan schedules are being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

The amounts presented in the schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year (the plan year).

The significant changes in assumptions for each of the fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

- 2022 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2023 employer contributions decreased from 3.0% to 2.5%. The healthcare cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2020 actuarial valuation increased to 7.75%.
- 2021 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2022 employer contributions decreased from 3.5% to 3.0%. The healthcare cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.0%.
- 2020 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.95%.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.15%.

COMBINING FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	Special Revenue								
	Food Service			ommunity Service	S	Student Scholarship	Student Service Activity		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	841,873 228,498	\$	9,160 -	\$	25,800 -	\$	284,572 -	
Due from other governments Inventory		46,534 6,920		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
Total assets	\$	1,123,825	\$	9,160	\$	25,800	\$	284,572	
Liabilities Negative equity in pooled cash									
and cash equivalents Accounts payable	\$	- 19,391	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Accrued payroll Other liabilities		5,124 12,573		- -		- -		-	
Total liabilities		37,088							
Fund balances									
Nonspendable Restricted		6,920 1,079,817		-		- 25,800		-	
Committed Assigned		-		9,160 -		- -		284,572 -	
Total fund balances		1,086,737		9,160		25,800		284,572	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,123,825	\$	9,160	\$	25,800	\$	284,572	

Debt S	Servic	e				
2017 2016 Debt Debt Refunding			2016 Capital Projects	Capital rojects and echnology	Maple Stadium	Total
\$ 257,789 - - -	\$	528,610 81,282 - -	\$ - 1,305,910 - -	\$ 1,702,435 - - -	\$ - 1,156 - -	\$ 3,650,239 1,616,846 46,534 6,920
\$ 257,789	\$	609,892	\$ 1,305,910	\$ 1,702,435	\$ 1,156	\$ 5,320,539
\$ -	\$	-	\$ 132,052	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 132,052
- -		- -	38,329 - -	11,296 - -	- - -	69,016 5,124 12,573
			 170,381	11,296		218,765
- 257,789 - -		- 609,892 - -	- 1,135,529 - -	- - - 1,691,139	- 1,156 - -	6,920 3,109,983 293,732 1,691,139
257,789		609,892	1,135,529	1,691,139	1,156	5,101,774
\$ 257,789	\$	609,892	\$ 1,305,910	\$ 1,702,435	\$ 1,156	\$ 5,320,539

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Special I	Reven	nue	
	Food Service	C	ommunity Service		Student holarship	lent Service Activity
Revenues						
Local sources	\$ 47,247	\$	21,108	\$	20,078	\$ 352,830
State sources	38,844		-		-	-
Federal sources	2,055,175				-	
Total revenues	 2,141,266		21,108		20,078	 352,830
Expenditures						
Current:						
Supporting services	_		_		7,450	_
Food service	1,799,068		_		-	_
Community service	-		17,770		-	_
Student service activity	-		, -		_	311,567
Other expenditures	-		_		_	, -
Debt service:						
Principal	-		_		_	_
Interest and fiscal charges	_		_		-	_
Capital outlay	-		_		_	_
. ,						
Total expenditures	 1,799,068		17,770		7,450	 311,567
Revenues over (under) expenditures	342,198		3,338		12,628	41,263
Other financing sources (uses) Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-		-		-	-
Transfers in	1,930		-		-	-
Transfers out	 (105,683)		-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (103,753)					
Net change in fund balances	238,445		3,338		12,628	41,263
Fund balances, beginning of year	 848,292		5,822		13,172	 243,309
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,086,737	\$	9,160	\$	25,800	\$ 284,572

Debt S	Service				
2016 Debt	2017 Debt Refunding	2016 Capital Projects	Capital rojects and echnology	Maple Stadium	Total
\$ 1,688,349 - -	\$ 2,888,081 197,754	\$ 3,045 - -	\$ 3,954 - -	\$ 3 - -	\$ 5,024,695 236,598 2,055,175
1,688,349	3,085,835	 3,045	3,954	3	7,316,468
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	7,450 1,799,068 17,770 311,567
-	-	76,042	45,708	-	121,750
530,000 1,190,600 -	1,620,000 1,400,986	- - 668,506	- - 155,797	- - -	2,150,000 2,591,586 824,303
1,720,600	3,020,986	 744,548	201,505		7,823,494
 (32,251)	64,849	 (741,503)	(197,551)	 3	(507,026)
- - -	- - -	 - - -	283 665,211 -	 - - -	283 667,141 (105,683)
		 	 665,494	 	 561,741
(32,251)	64,849	(741,503)	467,943	3	54,715
290,040	545,043	 1,877,032	 1,223,196	 1,153	 5,047,059
\$ 257,789	\$ 609,892	\$ 1,135,529	\$ 1,691,139	\$ 1,156	\$ 5,101,774

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SINGLE AUDIT ACT COMPLIANCE



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

October 13, 2022

Board of Education Adrian Public Schools Adrian, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Adrian Public Schools (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated October 13, 2022, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain other procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Rehmann Loham LLC

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal AwardsFor the Year Ended June 30, 2022

U.S. Department of Agriculture Child Nutrition Cluster: Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Breakfast Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Lunch Entitlement commodities (non-cash) Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Lunch Se	Federal Access / Charles / Durance Tible	Assistance Listing	Passed	Pass-through /
Child Nutrition Cluster: Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Breakfast 10.553 MDE 211971 Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Breakfast 10.553 MDE 221970 School Breakfast Program 10.553 MDE 221970 Entitlement commodities (non-cash) 10.555 MDE 211961 Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Lunch 10.555 MDE 211961 Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Lunch 10.555 MDE 221960 National School Lunch Program 10.555 MDE 221960 National School Lunch Program - After School Snack 10.555 MDE 221980 COVID-19 - Emergency Operations - SNP Meals 10.555 MDE 211965 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 MDE 210904 Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 10.582 MDE 220950 Total Child Nutrition Cluster	Federal Agency / Cluster / Program Title	Number	Through	Grantor Number
Child Nutrition Cluster: Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Breakfast 10.553 MDE 211971 Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Breakfast 10.553 MDE 221970 School Breakfast Program 10.553 MDE 221970 Entitlement commodities (non-cash) 10.555 MDE 211961 Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Lunch 10.555 MDE 211961 Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Lunch 10.555 MDE 221960 National School Lunch Program 10.555 MDE 221960 National School Lunch Program - After School Snack 10.555 MDE 221980 COVID-19 - Emergency Operations - SNP Meals 10.555 MDE 211965 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 MDE 210904 Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 10.582 MDE 220950 Total Child Nutrition Cluster	ILS Department of Agriculture			
Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Breakfast 10.553 MDE 221971				
Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Breakfast 10.553 MDE 221971		10.553	MDE	211971
School Breakfast Program 10.553 MDE 221970 Entitlement commodities (non-cash) Entitlement commodities (non-cash) Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Lunch Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Lunch National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program 10.555 MDE 221960 National School Lunch Program - After School Snack COVID-19 - Emergency Operations - SNP Meals Summer Food Service Program for Children Total Child Nutrition Cluster Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 2119004 Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 10.558 MDE 221900 Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 211920/212010 Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 211920/212010 Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 211920/222010 Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 211920/222010 Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 211925-2021 COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 10.649 MDE 210980-2021 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Federal Communications Commission COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program 32.009 USAC -n/a- U.S. Department of Education Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs: Regular 20/21 84.00 MDE 211530-2021	• • •	10.553	MDE	221971
Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Lunch 10.555 MDE 211961 Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Lunch 10.555 MDE 221961 National School Lunch Program 10.555 MDE 221960 National School Lunch Program - After School Snack 10.555 MDE 221980 COVID-19 - Emergency Operations - SNP Meals 10.555 MDE 211965 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 MDE 220990 Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 10.582 MDE 220950 Total Child Nutrition Cluster Value of the Control of the Control of Cluster Value of the Control of Cluster Value of the Control of Cluster Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 211920/212010 Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 211925-2021 COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 10.649 MDE 210980-2021 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Federal Communications Commission COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program 32.009 USAC -n/a- U.S. Department of Education <td>· · · ·</td> <td>10.553</td> <td>MDE</td> <td>221970</td>	· · · ·	10.553	MDE	221970
Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Lunch 10.555 MDE 211961 Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Lunch 10.555 MDE 221961 National School Lunch Program 10.555 MDE 221960 National School Lunch Program - After School Snack 10.555 MDE 221980 COVID-19 - Emergency Operations - SNP Meals 10.555 MDE 211965 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 MDE 220990 Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 10.582 MDE 220950 Total Child Nutrition Cluster Value of the Control of the Control of Cluster Value of the Control of Cluster Value of the Control of Cluster Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 211920/212010 Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 211925-2021 COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 10.649 MDE 210980-2021 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Federal Communications Commission COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program 32.009 USAC -n/a- U.S. Department of Education <td>Fueltham and assume diffice (assumed)</td> <td>10.555</td> <td>MADE</td> <td>- /-</td>	Fueltham and assume diffice (assumed)	10.555	MADE	- /-
Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Lunch National School Lunch Program 10.555 MDE 221960 National School Lunch Program - After School Snack COVID-19 - Emergency Operations - SNP Meals Summer Food Service Program for Children Summer Food Service Program for Children Total Child Nutrition Cluster Child Care Food Program COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Federal Communications Commission COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs: Regular 20/21 84.010 MDE 211530-2021	· · · · ·			•
National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program - After School Snack COVID-19 - Emergency Operations - SNP Meals Summer Food Service Program for Children Total Child Care Food Program COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program Total U.S. Department of Education Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs: Regular 20/21 84.010 MDE 221980 221980 221920 221980 211925 211920 211925 211920 211925 211920 211920 211920 211920 211920 211920 211920 211925 211920 211925 211920 211925 211	· · ·			
National School Lunch Program - After School Snack COVID-19 - Emergency Operations - SNP Meals Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 MDE 211965 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 MDE 220950 Total Child Nutrition Cluster Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 221920/212010 Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 221920/212010 Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 221920/222010 Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 221920/222010 Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 211925-2021 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Federal Communications Commission COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program 32.009 USAC -n/a- U.S. Department of Education Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs: Regular 20/21 84.010 MDE 211530-2021	· · ·			
COVID-19 - Emergency Operations - SNP Meals 10.555 MDE 211965 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 MDE 210904 Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 10.582 MDE 220950 Total Child Nutrition Cluster Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 211920/212010 Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 221920/222010 Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 221920/222010 Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 221920/222010 Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 211925-2021 COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 10.649 MDE 210980-2021 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Federal Communications Commission COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program 32.009 USAC -n/a- U.S. Department of Education Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs: Regular 20/21 84.010 MDE 211530-2021				
Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 MDE 210904 Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 10.582 MDE 220950 Total Child Nutrition Cluster Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 211920/212010 Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 221920/222010 Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 211925-2021 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Federal Communications Commission COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program 32.009 USAC -n/a- U.S. Department of Education Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs: Regular 20/21 84.010 MDE 211530-2021				
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 10.582 MDE 220950 Total Child Nutrition Cluster Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 211920/212010 Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 221920/222010 Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 221920/222010 Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 211925-2021 COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 10.649 MDE 210980-2021 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Federal Communications Commission COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program 32.009 USAC -n/a- U.S. Department of Education Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs: Regular 20/21 84.010 MDE 211530-2021	COVID-19 - Emergency Operations - 2NP Meals	10.555	MIDE	211965
Total Child Nutrition Cluster Child Care Food Program Child Care Food Program Child Care Food Program Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 211920/212010 Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 211925-2021 COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 10.649 MDE 210980-2021 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Federal Communications Commission COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs: Regular 20/21 84.010 MDE 211530-2021	Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	MDE	210904
Child Care Food Program COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Federal Communications Commission COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs: Regular 20/21 84.010 MDE 211920/212010 221920/22010 221920/222010 221920/222010 221920/222010 221920/222010 221920/222010 221920/22200 221920/22200 221920/22200 221920/22200 221920/22200 221920/22200 221920/22200 221920/22200 221920/22200 2	Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	MDE	220950
Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 221920/222010 211925-2021 COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 10.649 MDE 210980-2021 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Federal Communications Commission COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program 32.009 USAC -n/a- U.S. Department of Education Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs: Regular 20/21 84.010 MDE 221920/222010 MDE 221920/222010 ADDED 211925-2021	Total Child Nutrition Cluster			
Child Care Food Program 10.558 MDE 211925-2021 COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 10.649 MDE 210980-2021 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Federal Communications Commission COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program 32.009 USAC -n/a- U.S. Department of Education Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs: Regular 20/21 84.010 MDE 211530-2021	Child Care Food Program	10.558	MDE	211920/212010
COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 10.649 MDE 210980-2021 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Federal Communications Commission COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program 32.009 USAC -n/a- U.S. Department of Education Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs: Regular 20/21 84.010 MDE 210980-2021	Child Care Food Program	10.558	MDE	221920/222010
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Federal Communications Commission COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program 32.009 USAC -n/a- U.S. Department of Education Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs: Regular 20/21 84.010 MDE 211530-2021	Child Care Food Program	10.558	MDE	211925-2021
U.S. Federal Communications Commission COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program 32.009 USAC -n/a- U.S. Department of Education Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs: Regular 20/21 84.010 MDE 211530-2021	COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs	10.649	MDE	210980-2021
COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program 32.009 USAC -n/a- U.S. Department of Education Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs: Regular 20/21 84.010 MDE 211530-2021	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			
U.S. Department of Education Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs: Regular 20/21 84.010 MDE 211530-2021	U.S. Federal Communications Commission			
Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs: Regular 20/21 84.010 MDE 211530-2021	COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program	32.009	USAC	-n/a-
Regular 20/21 84.010 MDE 211530-2021	U.S. Department of Education			
	Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs:			
Regular 21/22 84.010 MDE 221530-2022	Regular 20/21	84.010	MDE	211530-2021
	Regular 21/22	84.010	MDE	221530-2022

Approved Awards Amount	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue at July 1, 2021	Federal Funds / Payments In-Kind Received	Expenditures (Memo Only) Prior Year(s)	Expenditures June 30, 2022	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue at June 30, 2022
\$ 61,870	\$ -	\$ 61,870	\$ -	\$ 61,870	\$ -
9,255	-	-	-	9,255	9,255
465,361		465,361		465,361	
		527,231		536,486	9,255
79,592	_	79,592	_	79,592	_
158,880	_	158,880	_	158,880	_
1,125,105	-	1,125,105	-	1,125,105	-
9,458	-	-	-	9,458	9,458
1,045	-	1,045	-	1,045	-
11,597		11,597		11,597	
		1,376,219		1,385,677	9,458
1,705,668	270,927	309,961	1,373,460	61,281	22,247
31,464		27,859		28,786	927
	270,927	2,241,270	1,373,460	2,012,230	41,887
27,352	762	9,847	18,267	9,085	_
61,809	-	60,189	-	61,809	1,620
18,375	-	18,375	-	18,375	-
	762	88,411	18,267	89,269	1,620
3,063	<u> </u>	3,063		3,063	<u> </u>
	271,689	2,332,744	1,391,727	2,104,562	43,507
61,536	<u> </u>	56,768		61,536	4,768
926,134	219,398	219,398	834,431	-	-
922,338	-	660,362	-	831,472	171,110
	219,398	879,760	834,431	831,472	171,110

continued...

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Assistance		
	Listing	Passed	Pass-through /
Federal Agency / Cluster / Program Title	Number	Through	Grantor Number
U.S. Department of Education (concluded)			
Title III, English Language Acquisition State Grants:			
Regular 20/21	84.365	MDE	210580-2021
Regular 21/22	84.365	MDE	220580-2022
Title II, Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants:			
Regular 20/21	84.367	MDE	210520-2021
Regular 21/22	84.367	MDE	220520-2022
Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program:			
Regular 20/21	84.424	MDE	210750-2021
Regular 21/22	84.424	MDE	220750-2022
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund:			
Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund:			
GEER I	84.425C	MDE	201200-2021
GEER II - Benchmark Assessments	84.425C	MDE	211222-2022
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund:			
ESSER Formula Funds	84.425D	MDE	203710-1920
ESSER Formula Funds	84.425D	MDE	203711-1920
ESSER - Education Equity Funds ESSER Formula Funds II	84.425D	MDE	203720-1920
	84.425D	MDE	213712-2021
ESSER III - American Rescue Plan	84.425U	MDE	213713-2122
Total U.S. Department of Education			
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Head Start Cluster:			
Head Start	93.600	Direct	05CH010384-05-00
COVID-19 - Head Start	93.600	Direct	05CH010384-05-01
Head Start	93.600	Direct	05CH012071-01-00
COVID-19 - Head Start	93.600	Direct	05HE000408-01-00
COVID-19 - Head Start - American Rescue Plan	93.600	Direct	05HE000408-01-01
Total Head Start Cluster			
Medicaid Cluster -			
Medical Assistance Program -			
Medicaid Outreach	93.778	LISD	-n/a-

Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Total Federal Financial Assistance

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Approved Awards Amount	R	Accrued Unearned) Revenue at uly 1, 2021	Fee	deral Funds / Payments In-Kind Received	(Ⅳ	penditures Iemo Only) rior Year(s)	penditures ne 30, 2022	(l R	Accrued Unearned) Evenue at ne 30, 2022
31,082 33,463	\$	1,657 -	\$	1,657 7,669	\$	3,256 -	\$ - 7,824	\$	- 155
,		1,657		9,326		3,256	7,824		155
212,894		411		411		36,689	-		-
294,562				215,480			 253,582		38,102
		411		215,891		36,689	 253,582		38,102
78,292		21,606		21,606		22,743	- 02 021		- 15 752
116,679		21,606		78,169 99,775		22,743	 93,921 93,921		15,752 15,752
		,,,,,,							
217,670		4,226		4,226		217,670	-		-
24,113		-		24,113		-	24,113		-
713,372		310,996		310,996		546,008	-		-
14,048		-		14,048		-	14,048		-
109,111		30,644		30,644		84,319	-		-
2,646,620		394,663		2,069,700		394,663	1,882,057		207,020
5,939,171				102,597			 892,248		789,651
		740,529		2,556,324		1,242,660	 2,812,466		996,671
		983,601		3,761,076		2,139,779	 3,999,265		1,221,790
4,005,425		468,774		468,774		3,675,514 286,492	-		-
286,492 4,053,623		102,605		102,605 3,222,299		200,492	3,401,863		- 179,564
98,116		_		84,348		_	98,116		13,768
390,059		-		-			 24,182		24,182
		574 270		2.070.026		2 062 006	2 524 464		247.544
		571,379		3,878,026		3,962,006	3,524,161		217,514
6,597		-		6,597		-	6,597		-
		F74 270		2.004.622		3.003.000	2 520 750	-	247.544
		571,379		3,884,623		3,962,006	 3,530,758		217,514
	\$	1,826,669	\$	10,035,211	\$	7,493,512	\$ 9,696,121	\$	1,487,579

concluded.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Adrian Public Schools (the "District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the District's financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance or other applicable guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Cash received is recorded on the cash basis; expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when the qualifying expenditures have been included and all grant requirements have been met.

The Schedule has been arranged to provide information on both the actual cash received and the revenue recognized. Accordingly, the effects of accruals of accounts receivable, unearned revenue and accounts payable items at both the beginning and the end of the fiscal year have been reported.

Expenditures are in agreement with amounts reported in the financial statements and the financial reports. The amounts on the Grant Auditor Reports reconcile with this Schedule.

2. 10% DE MINIMIS COST RATE

For purposes of charging indirect costs to federal awards, the District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate as permitted by §200.414 of the Uniform Guidance.

3. PASS-THROUGH AGENCIES

The District receives certain federal grant as subawards from non-federal entities. Pass-through entities, where applicable, have been identified in the Schedule with an abbreviation, defined as follows:

Pass-through Agency Abbreviation	Pass-through Agency Name
MDE LISD USAC	Michigan Department of Education Lenawee Intermediate School District Universal Service Administrative Company



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

October 13, 2022

Board of Education Adrian Public Schools Adrian, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Adrian Public Schools (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 13, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.



313.202.7400

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rehmann Loham LLC



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

October 13, 2022

Board of Education Adrian Public Schools Adrian, Michigan

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited the compliance of Adrian Public Schools (the "District") with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.



**** 313.202.7400

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- · exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- · identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rehmann Loham LLC

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements							
Type of auditors' report issued:	<u>Unmodified</u>						
Internal control over financial reporting	Internal control over financial reporting:						
Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	X	_no			
Significant deficiency(ies) identified	1?	yes	X	_none reported			
Noncompliance material to financial sta noted?	tements	yes	X	_no			
Federal Awards							
Internal control over major programs:							
Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	X	_no			
Significant deficiency(ies) identified	1?	yes	X	_none reported			
Any audit findings disclosed that are rectored to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	quired	yes	X	_no			
Identification of major programs and type of auditors' report issued on compliance for each major program:							
Assistance Listing Number	Name of Federa	al Program or C	<u>luster</u>	Type of Report			
84.425	lization Fund		Unmodified				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B progra	ms:	\$ 750,0	000				
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Xyes		_no			

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

None reported.